

OVERCOMING PROCRASTINATION (AND MORE):

Lessons from ADHD Coaching

Caryn Reedy, ACC, CPCC, PMP, SPHR, SHRM-SCP Friday, September 30, 2016 / 3:30 PM - 5:00 PM / Salon H



GROUP DISCUSSION:



Why are you here?

What are you hoping to get out of this session?

WHAT IS ADHD?

Attention Deficit-Hyperactivity Disorder is:

A persistent pattern of inattention and/or hyperactivity-impulsivity

that interferes with functioning or development,

has symptoms presenting in two or more settings (e.g. at

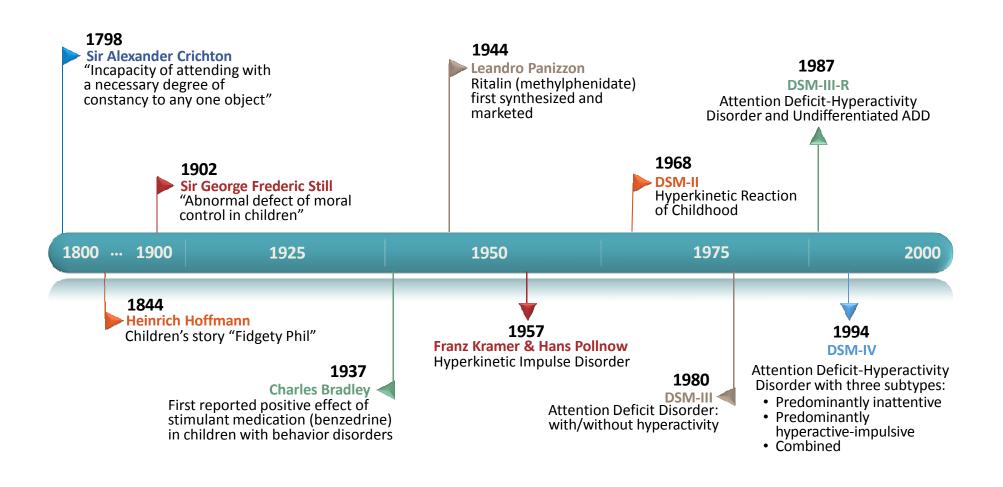
home, school, or work; with friends or relatives; in other activities),

and negatively impacts directly on

social, academic or occupational functioning.

Several symptoms must have been present before age 12 years (American Psychiatric Association, 2013).

HOW WE GOT TO TODAY



IMPACTS OF ADULT ADHD



Not just a concern for children:

11 % of children in U.S. *diagnosed* ...Up to 80% persist into adulthood

IMPACTS OF ADULT ADHD

Annual costs incurred in the U.S.:

- \$242 Billion overall
- \$194 Billion for adult ADHD
- \$52 Billion to treat; \$18K per individual
- 143.8 Million days of lost productivity



IMPACT: TASKS

Procrastination

Underestimating time to do things

Low motivation

Perfectionism

Extreme distractibility

"Time blindness"

Easily bored

Missed details

Trouble initiating & reinitiating

Hyperfocus

Difficulty staying on task

Fidgeting

Lack of focus

Constantly taking breaks

Incomplete work

Inability to multi-task

Missed deadlines

Hard time remembering directions

IMPACT: SOCIAL CUES & RELATIONSHIPS

Difficulties making & keeping friends

Not thinking of consequences

Trouble remembering what was said

Trouble listening to others

Impulsivity

Speaking too quickly

Zoning out

Wandering attention



Short temper

Chronic interrupting

Talking too loudly/quietly

Inattention

Fleeting eye contact

Explosive reactions compared to situation

Inappropriate or non-PC topics

IMPACT: EMOTIONS



GROUP ACTIVITY



Step 1: Pair up



Step 2: Example from past/present re: ADHD-like struggle

- Self
- Client (remember confidentiality)
- Hypothetical



Step 3: Coach for 15 min. (7-8 min. each coach)



Step 4: Be prepared to:

- Notice where client is getting stuck
- Tools/techniques for getting unstuck
- Anything missing for you to coach effectively?



TASKS

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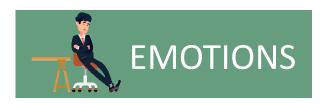
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Impulsivity

Wandering attention

Explosive reactions compared to situation

Inappropriate or non-PC topics



Instant gratification

Trouble making decisions

Easily frustrated

Low expectations of self

Excitement junky

Powerful inner critic

Mood swings

Easily stressed-out

Negative self-talk

Hypersensitive to criticism

Insecurity

Self-medication

Dangerous risk-taking

Low self-esteem

Sense of underachievement

Irritability

GROUP ACTIVITY: DEBRIEF





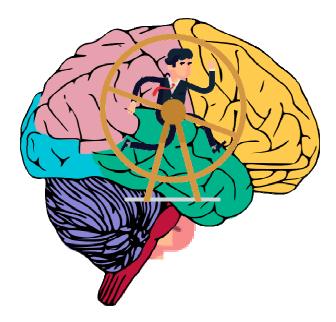
Where did the client get stuck?



Was anything missing for you to coach effectively (or to be coached effectively)?

Mental processes that allow us to...

- Initiate and sustain action
- Engage working memory
- Control impulses
- Have mental flexibility
- Engage in meta-cognition
- Focus attention
- Plan/Move between and prioritize multiple tasks
- Problem solving
- Interact with and manage time



1. EMOTIONAL SELF-REGULATION

Moderate strong emotions

Recognize emotions

Self-control



Delay gratification

Vicarious learning

Intrinsic motivation

2. BEHAVIOR INHIBITION

Recognize impulses

Deter impulses



Allows other EFs to take over

3. NON-VERBAL WORKING MEMORY

Visual as mental maps

Remember sequence of tasks



Objective sense of time

Hindsight

Foresight

4. VERBAL WORKING MEMORY

Inner dialogue

Self-guidance



Self-instructions & questions

5. PLAN AND PROBLEM SOLVE

Mental play

Manipulate info in the mind

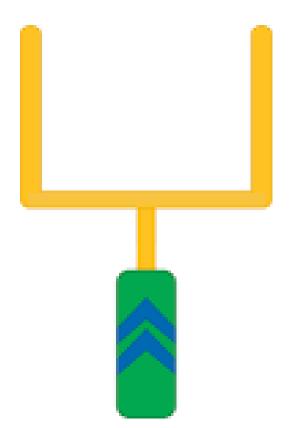


Discover novel approaches

Future aimed behavior

GROUP DISCUSSION

- 1. Which of these can manifest into a coachable topic?
- 2. What was inhibited in your coaching pairs?
- Initiate and sustain action
- Engage working memory
- Control impulses
- Have mental flexibility
- Engage in meta-cognition
- Focus attention
- Plan/Move between and prioritize multiple tasks
- Problem solving
- Interact with and manage time



... toward accomplishment of a GOAL.

HOW COACHING FITS IN

As a coach, you:

Recognize & name EF struggles

Replenish willpower

Feel the future

Engage working memory

Explore new perspectives

Facilitate self-awareness



Are the "scaffold"

Keep the focus on the goal

Meta-view

Provide accountability

Focus attention

Facilitate decision-making

Identify inner leaders & critics

HALT!

Is your client:

HUNGRY?

ANGRY?

LONELY?

TIRED?



POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY

Enable your client to envision and practice:

Perseverance

Satisfaction

Self-efficacy

Well-being



Strengths

Appreciation

Optimism

Interpersonal opportunities

What's **STRONG**, not what's **WRONG**!

USE YOUR POWERS FOR GOOD



OVERCOMING PROCRASTINATION (and more)

Cues to assist working memory

Task initiation & reinitiation

Timing devices

Visualization

Artificial consequences



Prioritization & sequencing

Replenish willpower = Replenish self-regulation

Chunking

Option lists vs. to-do lists

Ultimatums

EF substitution questions

SOCIAL CUES & RELATIONSHIPS

Covert insider

Look for hints

Naming it

Single-task

Role playing = training

Verify & validate

Echoing

Enthusiasm overload

Powerful listening

Self-positivity

Observe & model

Breathe

EMOTIONS



Reasons, not excuses

GROUP ACTIVITY



Step 1: Pair up (again)



Step 2: Bring same or different example re: ADHD-like struggle

• Self, Client (remember confidentiality), Hypothetical



Step 3: Practice skills, tools, techniques covered



Step 4: Coach for 15 min. (7-8 min. each coach)



Step 4: Be prepared to discuss:

- Applicability of tools
- Transferability back to your coaching practice
- How the new understanding might work for moving clients toward their goals
- Deepened awareness of EF in coach and client

SO WHADDYA THINK?

Questions?





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